



St. Michael's Nursery and Infants School

ONLINE SAFETY POLICY & PROCEDURES

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Signed:	
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¹ The Governing Body are free to delegate approval of this document to a Committee of the Governing Body, an individual Governor or the Head Teacher.

² Governors free to determine review period.

REVIEW SHEET

The information in the table below details earlier versions of this document with a brief description of each review and how to distinguish amendments made since the previous version date (if any).

Version Number	Version Description	Date of Revision
1	Original	February 2012
2	Front Cover ONLY updated to take account of revised Statutory Policy Guidance issued by the DfE	March 2013
3	Minor changes to reinforce the need for parents to act responsibly when using Facebook or other social networking sites	November 2013
4	Reformatted only	April 2014
5	Amended to include references to extremism, radicalisation and child sexual exploitation and minor changes to text	September 2015
6	Updated to remove statutory references to home-school agreement, change of title to 'Online Safety Policy and procedures' in line with Ofsted terminology and the document split into Policy and Procedures	March 2016
7	Updated to reflect changes as a result of updated 'Keeping Children Safe in Education' – September 2016	August 2016
8	Minor changes and updates to reflect introduction of GDPR and the Data Protection Act 2018	April 2018

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Please ensure that prior to publication, any working Appendices and references to those Appendices in the body of the Policy and procedures are removed.

Appendix A	-	School Online Safety Audit
Appendix B	-	Sample EYFS, Primary and Special School Online Safety Posters
Appendix C	-	Sample Secondary School Online Safety Poster
Appendix D	-	EYFS, Primary & Special School Pupil Acceptable Use Agreement
Appendix E	-	Secondary School Pupil Acceptable Use Agreement
Appendix F	-	Staff/Volunteer Acceptable Use Agreement
Appendix G	-	Governor Acceptable Use Agreement
Appendix H	-	Social Networking Sites (Facebook) Guidance for Parents
Appendix I	-	Response to an Incident or Concern Flow Chart
Appendix J	-	Sample Online Safety Incident Log
Appendix K	-	Online Safety Links
Appendix L	-	Legal Framework
Appendix M	-	Glossary of Terms

Note: Not all of the Appendices will be appropriate or deemed necessary for your school and only those required/ approved should be used with your Policy and procedures. Please ensure that all statements within the Acceptable Use Agreements are appropriate and necessary for your setting

POLICY

1. Background/Rationale

New technologies have become integral to the lives of children and young people in today's society, both within schools and in their lives outside school.

The internet and other digital and information technologies are powerful tools, which open up new opportunities for everyone. Electronic communication helps teachers and pupils learn from each other. These technologies can stimulate discussion, promote creativity and increase awareness of context to promote effective learning. Children and young people should have an entitlement to safe internet access at all times.

The requirement to ensure that children and young people can use online and related communications technologies appropriately and safely is addressed as part of the wider duty of care to which all who work in schools are bound. The school Online Safety Policy and procedures will help to ensure safe and appropriate use. The development and implementation of such a strategy will involve all the stakeholders in a child's education from the Head teacher and Governors to the senior leaders and classroom teachers, support staff, parents, members of the community and the pupils themselves.

The use of these exciting and innovative tools in school and at home has been shown to raise educational standards and promote pupil achievement. However, the use of these new technologies can put young people at risk within and outside the school. Some of the dangers they may face include:

- Access to illegal, harmful or inappropriate images or other content;
- Unauthorised access to/loss of/sharing of personal information;
- The risk of being subject to grooming by those with whom they make contact on the internet;
- The risk of being targeted by extremists in order to promote and encourage radicalisation;
- The risk of being targeted by those involved in child sexual exploitation;
- The sharing/distribution of personal images without an individual's consent or knowledge;
- Inappropriate communication/contact with others, including strangers;
- Cyber-bullying;
- Access to unsuitable video/internet games;
- An inability to evaluate the quality, accuracy and relevance of information on the internet;
- Plagiarism and copyright infringement;
- Illegal downloading of music or video files;
- The potential for excessive use which may impact on the social and emotional development and learning of the young person.

Many of these risks reflect situations in the off-line world and it is essential that this Online Safety Policy and procedures is used in conjunction with other school Policies including the Overarching Safeguarding Statement, Child Protection, Data Protection and Whole School Behaviour.

As with all other risks, it is impossible to eliminate those risks completely. It is therefore essential, through good educational provision to build pupils' resilience to the risks to which they may be exposed, so that they have the confidence and skills to face and deal with these risks.

The school must demonstrate that it has provided the necessary safeguards to help ensure that they have done everything that could reasonably be expected of them to manage and reduce these risks. The Online Safety Policy and procedures that follows explains how we intend to do this, while also addressing wider educational issues to help young people (and their parents) to be responsible users and stay safe while using the internet and other communications technologies for educational, personal and recreational use.

2. Definitions

For the purposes of this document a child, young person, pupil or student is referred to as a 'child' or a 'pupil' and they are normally under 18 years of age.

Wherever the term 'parent' is used this includes any person with parental authority over the child concerned e.g. carers, legal guardians etc.

3. Associated School Policies and procedures

This Policy should be read in conjunction with the following school Policies/procedures:

- Overarching Safeguarding Statement
- Child Protection Policy and procedures
- Data Protection Policy
- Health and Safety Policy and procedures
- Whole School Behaviour Policy
- Procedures for Using Pupils Images
- Whistleblowing procedures
- Code of Conduct for staff and other adults

4. Communication/Monitoring/Review of this Policy and procedures

This Policy and procedures will be communicated to staff, pupils and the wider community in the following ways:

- Posted on the school website/Learning Platform/staffroom/shared staff drive
- Policy and procedures to be discussed as part of the school induction pack for new staff and other relevant adults including (where relevant) the staff Acceptable Use Agreement
- Acceptable Use Agreements discussed with pupils at the start of each year
- Acceptable Use Agreements to be issued to external users of the school systems (e.g. Governors) usually on entry to the school
- Acceptable Use Agreements to be held in pupil and personnel files

The Online Safety Policy is referenced from within other school Policies and procedures as outlined above.

The review period for this Policy and procedures is as determined by the Governing Body/Proprietors and indicated on the front cover.

5. Schedule for Development / Monitoring / Review

This Online Safety Policy and procedures was approved by the <i>Governing Body/Governing Body Committee on:</i>	26 th November 2018
The implementation of this Online Safety Policy and procedures will be monitored by the:	<i>Head Teacher</i>
Monitoring will take place at regular intervals:	<i>1 Year</i>
The <i>Governing Body/Governing Body Committee</i> will receive a report on the implementation of the Online Safety Policy and procedures generated by the monitoring group (which will include anonymous details of online safety incidents) at regular intervals:	<i>Termly full Governors</i>
The Online Safety Policy and procedures will be reviewed in accordance with the Governors decision on frequency, or more regularly in the light of any significant new developments in the use of the technologies, new threats to online safety or incidents that have taken place. The next anticipated review date will be:	<i>January 2020</i>
Should serious Online safety incidents take place, the following external persons/agencies will be informed:	<i>LA ICT Manager, DO, Police, Information Commissioner's Office</i>

The school will monitor the impact of the Policy and procedures using:

- *Logs of reported incidents*
- *Internal monitoring data for network activity*
- *Surveys/questionnaires of*
 - *pupils (e.g. Ofsted "Tell-us" survey/CEOP ThinkUknow survey)*

- *parents*
- *staff*

6. Scope of the Policy

This Policy and procedures applies to all members of the School/Academy community (including staff, pupils, volunteers, parents, visitors, community users) who have access to and are users of our ICT systems, both in and out of school.

The Education and Inspections Act 2006 empowers Head teachers/Principals, to such extent as is reasonable, to regulate the behaviour of pupils when they are off the School/Academy site and empowers members of staff to impose disciplinary penalties for inappropriate behaviour. This is pertinent to incidents of cyber-bullying, or other online safety related incidents covered by this Policy and procedures, which may take place out of school, but is linked to membership of the School/Academy. The 2011 Education Act increased these powers with regard to the searching for, and of, electronic devices and the deletion of data. In the case of both acts, action can only be taken with regard to issues covered by the published Whole School Behaviour Policy and procedures.

The School/Academy will deal with such incidents within this Policy and procedures and the Whole School Behaviour Policy which includes anti-bullying procedures and will, where known, inform parents of incidents of inappropriate online safety behaviour that take place out of school.

PROCEDURES

1. Roles and Responsibilities

The following section outlines the roles and responsibilities for online safety of individuals and groups within the school:

1.1 Governors

The role of the Governors/online safety Governor is to:

- ensure that the school follows all current online safety advice to keep the children and staff safe;
- approve the Online Safety Policy and procedures and review its effectiveness. This will be carried out by the Governors/Governors Sub-committee receiving regular information about online safety incidents and monitoring reports. A member of the Governing Body has taken on the role of Online Safety Governor
- support the school in encouraging parents and the wider community to become engaged in online safety activities;
- regular review with the Online Safety Coordinator (including incident logs, filtering/change control logs etc.)

1.2 Head teacher

The Head teacher has overall responsibility for online safety provision. The day to day responsibility for online safety may be delegated to the Online Safety *Coordinator*.

The Head teacher will:

- take overall responsibility for data and data security;
- ensure the school uses an approved, filtered Internet Service, which complies with current statutory requirements;
- ensure that the Online Safety Coordinator and other relevant staff receive suitable CPD to enable them to carry out their online safety roles and to train other colleagues, as relevant;
- ensure that there is a system in place to allow for monitoring and support of those in school who carry out the internal online safety monitoring role. This is to provide a safety net and also support to those colleagues who take on important monitoring roles;
- receive regular monitoring reports from the Online Safety Coordinator;
- be aware of the procedures to be followed in the event of a serious online safety incident or an allegation being made against a member of staff or volunteer (see flow chart on dealing with online safety incidents – Appendix I, and relevant Local Authority HR/school disciplinary procedures). The procedures for dealing with allegations against staff or volunteers can be found within the school Child Protection Policy and all staff/volunteers are provided with a copy on induction.

1.3 Online Safety Coordinator/Designated Safeguarding Lead

The Online Safety Coordinator/Designated Safeguarding Lead will:

- take day-to-day responsibility for online safety issues and take a lead role in establishing and reviewing the school online safety procedures and documents;
- promote an awareness and commitment to e-safeguarding throughout the school community;
- ensure that online safety education is embedded across the curriculum;
- liaise with the school ICT technical staff
- communicate regularly with SLT and the designated online safety governor/committee to discuss current issues, review incident logs and filtering/change control logs;
- ensure that all staff are aware of the procedures that need to be followed in the event of an online safety incident or allegation against a member of staff or volunteer;
- ensure that an online safety log is kept up to date;
- facilitate training and advice for staff and others working in the school;
- be aware of emerging online safety issues and legislation, and of the potential for serious child

protection issues to arise from:

- sharing of personal data
- access to illegal/inappropriate materials
- inappropriate online contact with adults/strangers
- potential or actual incidents of grooming
- cyberbullying and the use of social media

1.4 ICT Coordinator is also the Headteacher in our school

ICT Coordinator will:

- ensure that users may only access the school's networks through an authorised and properly enforced password protection procedures, in which passwords are regularly changed;
- ensure that the school's ICT infrastructure is secure and is not open to misuse or malicious attack e.g. keeping virus protection up to date;
- that the school meets the online safety technical requirements outlined in the School Acceptable Use Agreements and any relevant Local Authority Online Safety Policy and guidance;
- the school's procedures on web filtering, is applied and updated on a regular basis and that its implementation is not the sole responsibility of any single person;
- ensure that access controls/encryption exist to protect personal and sensitive information held on school-owned devices;
- that she keeps the school's Online Safety Policy and procedures and technical information up to date and to inform and update others as relevant;
- that the use of the network/Virtual Learning Environment (VLE)/remote access/email is regularly monitored in order that any misuse/attempted misuse can be reported to the Online Safety Coordinator/Head teacher/Senior Leader/Head of ICT/ICT Coordinator/Class teacher/Head of Year (as in the section above) for investigation/action/sanction;
- ensure that appropriate backup procedures exist so that critical information and systems can be recovered in the event of a disaster and to complement the business continuity process;
- keep up-to-date documentation of the school's e-security and technical procedures.

1.5 Learning Platform Leader - NA in our School

1.6 Data Manager

It is the responsibility of the Data manager to ensure that all data held on pupils on school office machines have appropriate access controls in place and that systems and procedures comply with the General Data Protection Regulations.

1.7 All Staff

It is the responsibility of all staff to:

- read, understand and help promote the school's Online Safety Policy and procedures
- read, understand and adhere to the school Staff Acceptable Use Agreement;
- be aware of online safety issues related to the use of mobile phones, cameras and hand-held devices and that they monitor their use and implement current school procedures with regard to these devices;
- report any suspected misuse or problem to the Online Safety Coordinator;
- maintain an awareness of current online safety issues and guidance e.g. through CPD opportunities;
- model safe, responsible and professional behaviours in their own use of technology;
- ensure that any digital communications with pupils are on a professional level and only through school-based systems, never through personal mechanisms, e.g. email, text, mobile phones or social media messaging or posts.

Teachers must:

- ensure that online safety issues are embedded in all aspects of the curriculum and other school activities;
- monitor, supervise and guide pupils carefully when engaged in ICT activity in lessons, extra-curricular and extended school activities;
- ensure that pupils are fully aware of research skills and are made aware of legal issues relating to electronic content such as copyright laws.
- ensure that during lessons where internet use is pre-planned pupils are guided to sites checked as suitable for their use and that processes are known and used when dealing with any unsuitable material that is found in internet searches.

1.8 Pupils

Taking into account the age and level of understanding, the key responsibilities of pupils are to:

- use the school ICT systems in accordance with the Pupil Acceptable Use Agreement – see Appendix D or E, which they and/or their parents will be expected to sign before being given access to school systems;
- know and understand the importance of reporting abuse, misuse or access to inappropriate materials and know how to do so;
- know what action to take if they or someone they know feels worried or vulnerable when using online technology;
- take responsibility for learning about the benefits and risks of using the internet and other technologies safely both in school and at home;

1.9 Parents

Parents play a crucial role in ensuring that their children understand the need to use the internet/mobile devices in an appropriate way. Research shows that many parents do not fully understand the issues and are less experienced in the use of ICT than their children. The school will therefore take every opportunity to help parents understand these issues through *parents' evenings, newsletters, letters, website and information about national/local online safety campaigns/literature*.

The key responsibilities for parents are to:

- support the school in promoting online safety which includes the pupils' use of the Internet and the school's use of photographic and video images;
- endorsing (by signature) the Pupil Acceptable Use Agreement – see Appendix D or E;
- access the school website/online pupil records in accordance with the relevant school Acceptable Use Agreement;
- consult with the school if they have any concerns about their children's use of technology;
- ensure that they themselves do not use the internet/social network sites/other forms of technical communication in an inappropriate or defamatory way;
- support the school's approach to online safety by not uploading or posting to the Internet any pictures, video or text that could upset, offend or threaten the safety of any member of the school community or bring the school into disrepute.

2. Training

2.1 Staff and Governor Training

This school:

- ensures staff know how to send or receive sensitive and personal data in accordance with GDPR and understand the requirement to encrypt data where the sensitivity requires data protection;
- makes regular training available to staff on online safety issues and the school's online safety education programme;
- provides, as part of the induction process, all new staff (including those on college placements and work experience) and volunteers with information and guidance on the Online Safety Policy and procedures the school's Acceptable Use Agreements.

2.2 Parent Awareness and Training

This school operates a rolling programme of advice and guidance for parents, including:

- the introduction of the Acceptable Use Agreements to new parents, to ensure that principles of online safe behaviour are made clear;
- the provision of information leaflets, articles in the school newsletter, on the school website;
- suggestions for safe Internet use at home;
- the provision of information about national support sites for parents.

3. Teaching and Learning

3.1 Why internet use is important

- Internet use is part of the statutory curriculum and is a necessary tool for learning.
- The Internet is a part of everyday life for education, business and social interaction.
- The school has a duty to provide pupils with quality Internet access as part of their learning experience.
- Pupils use the Internet widely outside school and need to learn how to evaluate Internet information and to take care of their own safety and security.

3.2 How internet use benefits education

Benefits of using the Internet in education include:

- *access to worldwide educational resources including museums and art galleries;*
- *educational and cultural exchanges between pupils worldwide;*
- *vocational, social and leisure use in libraries, clubs and at home;*
- *access to experts in many fields for pupils and staff;*
- *professional development for staff through access to national developments, educational materials and effective curriculum practice;*
- *collaboration across networks of schools, support services and professional associations;*
- *improved access to technical support including remote management of networks and automatic system updates;*
- *exchange of curriculum and administration data with the Local Authority and DfE;*
- *access to learning wherever and whenever convenient.*

3.3 How internet use enhances learning

This school:

- has a clear, progressive online safety education programme as part of the Computing/PSHE curriculum. This covers the teaching of a range of skills and behaviours which are appropriate to the age and experience of the pupils concerned and include those to:
 - STOP and THINK before they CLICK;
 - develop a range of strategies to evaluate and verify information before accepting its accuracy;
 - be aware that the author of a website/page may have a particular bias or purpose and to develop skills to recognise what that may be;
 - know how to narrow down or refine a search;
 - understand acceptable behaviour when using an online environment/email, i.e. be polite, no bad or abusive language or other inappropriate behaviour; keeping personal information private;
 - understand how photographs can be manipulated and how web content can attract the wrong sort of attention;
 - understand why they should not post or share detailed accounts of their personal lives, contact information, daily routines, location, photographs and videos and to know how to ensure they have turned-on privacy settings;
 - understand why they must not post pictures or videos of others without their permission;
 - know not to download any files – such as music files – without permission;

- have strategies for dealing with receipt of inappropriate materials;
 - understand the impact of cyberbullying, sexting and trolling and know how to seek help if they are affected by any form of online bullying;
 - know how to report any abuse including cyberbullying; and how to seek help if they experience problems when using the Internet and related technologies, i.e. parent, teacher or trusted staff member, or an organisation such as ChildLine or the CLICK CEOP button.
- plans Internet use carefully to ensure that it is age-appropriate and supports the learning objectives for specific curriculum areas;
 - will remind pupils about their responsibilities through an end-user Acceptable Use Agreement which will be displayed throughout the school or when they log on to the school's network;
 - ensures staff model safe and responsible behaviour in their own use of technology during lessons;

3.4 Pupils with additional needs

Here are some considerations regarding possible ways to support a generic group of children who may require additional support to move forward in safeguarding themselves.

- *A fundamental part of teaching online safety is to check pupil's understanding and knowledge of general personal safety issues. Some pupils may need additional teaching that includes reminders and explicit prompts to link their existing knowledge of "how to keep safe" to the rules that will apply specifically to, for instance, internet use.*
- *Rules are very helpful to all pupils and it is important to achieve consistency of how rules can be applied.*
- *This is a difficult area for some pupils who will usually learn rules within certain contexts, but who will find it difficult to transfer these rules across environments, lessons or teachers.*
- *As consistency is so important for these pupils, there is a need to establish online safety rules for school that are similar to those for home. Working with parents and sharing information with them would be relevant to all children, but this group especially.*
- *There will always be exceptions to rules and if this is the case, then these pupils will need to have additional explanations about why rules might change in different situations i.e. why it is ok to give your name and address to an adult if you are lost in town, but not when using the internet.*
- *It might be helpful to consider presenting the rules as being linked to consequences such that you are teaching cause-effect rather than a list of procedures. This needs to be achieved carefully so as to use realistic and practical examples of what might happen if... without frightening pupils.*

How rules are presented could be vital to help these pupils understand and apply some of the rules they need to learn:

- *Visual support is usually important to help most pupils' understanding but some areas of this topic are quite abstract in nature and difficult to represent visually i.e.*
 - *Uncomfortable*
 - *Smart*
 - *Stranger*
 - *Friend*

It might be helpful to ask pupils to produce a drawing or write a mini-class dictionary that describes and defines these words in their own terms.

- *Visual support can be useful, but it is more likely that the pupils will respond to multi-media presentations of the rules such as interactive power-point slides, screensavers, spoken recordings of the main rules or sounds that they can associate with decisions they make while using the internet. The really useful thing about these is the repetition and practice that pupils can have with these which may not be so easy if spoken language were used.*
- *If visual prompts are used to help remember the rules, the picture or image support needs to give the pupils some improved understanding of what the rule is about. It is quite easy to find attractive pictures that link to other abstract ideas not related to internet use i.e. use of a compass to show "lose track" of a search when a head looking confused is more like what happens.*

- *This group of pupils are vulnerable to poor social understanding that may leave them open to risks when using the internet individually, but also when with peers.*
- *It can be common for peers to set up scenarios or “accidents” regarding what they look for on the internet and then say it was someone else who has done so. Adults need to plan group interactions carefully when raising awareness of internet safety.*
- *Some pupils in this group may choose recreational internet activities that are perhaps simpler or aimed at pupils younger than themselves. By their very nature, these activities tend to be more controlled and less open to naïve mistakes. Staff need to plan how to manage pupils who may want to do the same as other peers but who may need small step teaching due to limited experiences with internet use.*
- *For various reasons, pupils with additional needs may find it difficult to explain or describe events when using the internet.*
- *Some pupils might find it easier to show adults what they did i.e. replay which will obviously have its own issues for staff regarding repeating access.*
- *Some pupils are very quick to click with the mouse and may not actually know what they did or how something happened. Gentle investigation will be more productive than asking many questions.*

4. Managing Information Systems

4.1 Maintaining Information Systems Security

- The security of the school information systems and users will be reviewed regularly.
- Virus protection will be updated regularly.
- *Personal data sent over the Internet or taken off site will be encrypted.*
- *Portable media may not be used without specific permission followed by an anti-virus/malware scan.*
- *Unapproved software will not be allowed in work areas or attached to email.*
- *Files held on the school’s network will be regularly checked.*
- *The ICT coordinator will review system capacity regularly.*
- *Use of user logins and passwords to access the school network will be enforced – see Section 6.2 below.*

The school broadband and online suppliers are CLEO Broadband and Cumbria Schools ICT Support .

4.2 Password Security

The school will be responsible for ensuring that the school infrastructure/network is as safe and secure as is reasonably possible and that:

- **users can only access data to which they have right of access;**
- **no user should be able to access another’s files, without permission (or as allowed for monitoring purposes within the school’s procedures);**
- **access to personal data is securely controlled in line with the school’s personal data procedures;**
- **logs are maintained of access by users and of their actions while users of the system.**

A safe and secure username/password system is essential if the above is to be established and will apply to all school ICT systems, including email.

The management of password security will be the responsibility of the Headteacher.

Responsibilities:

All users will have responsibility for the security of their username and password, must not allow other users to access the systems using their log on details and must immediately report any suspicion or evidence that there has been a breach of security.

Passwords for new users, and replacement passwords for existing users can be allocated by the administrator. Any changes carried out must be notified to the member of staff responsible for issuing and coordinating password security (above).

Users will change their passwords every term.

Training/Awareness:

It is essential that users are made aware of the need to keep passwords secure, and the risks attached to unauthorised access/data loss.

Members of staff will be made aware of the school's password security procedures:

- *at induction;*
- *through the school's Online Safety Policy and procedures;*
- *through the Acceptable Use Agreement;*

The following rules apply to the use of passwords:

- *passwords must be changed every term;*
- *the last four passwords cannot be re-used;*
- *the password should be a minimum of 8 characters long and must include three of – uppercase character, lowercase character, number, special character;*
- *the account should be "locked out" following six successive incorrect log-on attempts;*
- *temporary passwords e.g. used with new user accounts or when users have forgotten their passwords, shall be enforced to change immediately upon the next account log-on;*
- *passwords shall not be displayed on screen, and shall be securely hashed (use of one-way encryption);*
- *requests for password changes should be authenticated by (the responsible person) to ensure that the new password can only be passed to the genuine user*

The "master/administrator" passwords for the school ICT system, used by the Network Manager (or other person) must also be available to the Head teacher and kept in a secure place (e.g. school safe).

Audit/Monitoring/Reporting/Review:

The responsible person Mrs Gregory will ensure that full records are kept of:

- *User Ids and requests for password changes;*
- *User log-ons;*
- *Security incidents related to this Policy and procedures.*

In the event of a serious security incident, the police may request and will be allowed access to passwords used for encryption. Local Authority Auditors also have the right of access to passwords for audit investigation purposes.

User lists, IDs and other security related information must be given the highest security classification and stored in a secure manner. These records will be reviewed by Online Safety Coordinator/Online Safety Governor) at regular intervals – termly.

4.3 Managing Email

- Whole-class or group email addresses will be used in primary schools for communication outside of the school.
- Email sent to external organisations should be written carefully and authorised before sending, in the same way as a letter written on school headed paper would be.
- Users must immediately report, to the nominated person – in accordance with the school policy, the receipt of any email that makes them feel uncomfortable, is offensive, threatening or bullying in nature and must not respond to any such email.
- Whole class or group email addresses will be used at KS1
- Pupils should be taught about email safety issues, such as the risks attached to the use of personal details. They should also be taught strategies to deal with inappropriate emails and be reminded of the need to write emails clearly and correctly and not include any unsuitable or abusive material.
- Personal information should not be posted on the school website and only official email addresses should be used to identify members of staff.
- Spam, phishing and virus attachments can make email dangerous. The school ICT provider ensures mail is virus checked (ingoing and outgoing), includes spam filtering and backs emails up daily.

4.4 Emailing personal, sensitive, confidential or classified information

- Assess whether the information can be transmitted by other secure means before using email - emailing confidential data is not recommended and should be avoided where possible;
- The use of Hotmail, BTInternet, G-mail or any other Internet based webmail service for sending email containing sensitive information is not permitted;
- Where your conclusion is that email must be used to transmit such data use Cumbria County Council secure e.mail
 - Send the information as an encrypted document **attached** to an email;
 - Provide the encryption key or password by a **separate** contact with the recipient(s);
 - Do not identify such information in the subject line of any email;
 - Request confirmation of safe receipt.

4.5 Zombie accounts

Zombie accounts refer to accounts belonging to users who have left the school and therefore no longer have authorised access to the school's systems. Such Zombie accounts when left active can cause a security threat by allowing unauthorised access.

- Ensure that all user accounts are disabled once the member of the school has left;
- Prompt action on disabling accounts will prevent unauthorised access;
- Regularly change generic passwords to avoid unauthorised access (Microsoft© advise every 42 days).

Further advice is available at IT Governance [Click here to access.](#)

4.6 Managing published content

- The contact details on the website are the school address, email and telephone number. Staff, Governors or pupils' personal information are not published.
- *Email addresses will be published carefully online, to avoid being harvested for spam (e.g. by replacing '@' with 'AT'.)*
- *The head teacher will take overall editorial responsibility for online content published by the school and will ensure that content published is accurate and appropriate.*
- *The school website will comply with the school's guidelines for publications including respect for intellectual property rights, privacy procedures and copyright.*

4.7 Use of digital and video images

The development of digital imaging technologies has created significant benefits to learning, allowing staff and pupils instant use of images that they have recorded themselves or downloaded from the internet. However, staff, pupils and parents need to be aware of the risks associated with sharing images and with posting digital images on the internet. Those images may remain available on the internet forever and may cause harm or embarrassment to individuals in the short or longer term. There are many reported incidents of employers carrying out internet searches for information about potential and existing employees. The school will inform and educate users about these risks and will implement procedures to reduce the likelihood of the potential for harm: *(select/delete as appropriate)*

Possible Statements:

The development of digital imaging technologies has created significant benefits to learning, allowing staff and pupils instant use of images that they have recorded themselves or downloaded from the internet. However, staff, pupils and parents need to be aware of the risks associated with sharing images and with posting digital images on the internet. Those images may remain available on the internet forever and may cause harm or embarrassment to individuals in the short or longer term.

- We gain parental permission for the use of digital photographs or video involving their child as part of the school agreement form when their child joins the school. This is a once in a school lifetime consent. Parents are required to inform the school if their consent changes.
- We do not identify pupils in online photographic materials or include the full names of pupils in the credits of any published school produced digital materials.

- When using digital images, staff will inform and educate pupils about the risks associated with the taking, use, sharing, publication and distribution of images. In particular, pupils are advised to be very careful about placing any personal photos on any 'social' online network space. They are taught to understand the need to maintain privacy settings so as not to make public, personal information.
- The school blocks/filter access to social networking sites or newsgroups unless there is a specific approved educational purpose;
- Staff are allowed to take digital/video images to support educational aims, but must follow school policies concerning the sharing, distribution and publication of those images. Those images should only be taken on school equipment; the personal equipment of staff should not be used for such purposes.
- Care should be taken when taking digital/video images that pupils are appropriately dressed and are not participating in activities that might bring the individuals or the school into disrepute.
- Pupils are taught about how images can be manipulated in their e-safety education programme and also taught to consider how to publish for a wide range of audiences which might include governors, parents or younger children as part of their ICT scheme of work;
- Pupils are taught that they should not post images or videos of others without their permission. We teach them about the risks associated with providing information with images (including the name of the file), that reveals the identity of others and their location, such as house number, street name or school. We teach them about the need to keep their data secure and what to do if they are subject to bullying or abuse.
- If specific pupil photos (not group photos) are used on the school web site, in the prospectus or in other high profile publications the school will obtain individual parental or pupil permission for its long term use.
- Pupils' full names will not be used anywhere on a website, particularly in association with photographs.

4.8 Managing social networking, social media and personal publishing sites

- **The school will control access to social media and social networking sites.**
- **Pupils will be advised never to give out personal details of any kind which may identify them and / or their location. Examples would include real name, address, mobile or landline phone numbers, school attended, full names of friends/family, specific interests and clubs etc.**
- *All members of the school community are advised not to publish specific and detailed private thoughts, especially those that may be considered threatening, hurtful or defamatory.*
- *Concerns regarding a pupil's use of social networking and social media (in or out of school) will be raised with their parents, particularly when concerning the underage use of sites.*
- *Staff personal use of social networking, social media and personal publishing sites will be discussed as part of staff induction and outlined in the school Staff Acceptable Use Agreement – see Appendix F.*
- **Further guidance can be found in the document 'Safe Use of Facebook and Other Social Networking Sites' on the KAHSC website.**
- *A sample advice leaflet for parents on Social Networking Sites, in particular, Facebook, can be found at Appendix H.*

4.9 Managing filtering

- The school's broadband access will include filtering appropriate to the age and maturity of pupils.
- The school will work with the Schools Broadband team to ensure that filtering procedures are continually reviewed.
- The school will have a clear procedure for reporting breaches of filtering. All members of the school community (all staff and all pupils) will be aware of this procedure.
- If staff or pupils discover unsuitable sites, the URL will be reported to the School Online Safety Coordinator who will then record the incident and escalate the concern as appropriate.
- The School filtering system will block all sites on the Internet Watch Foundation (IWF) list [Click here to access](#).
- Any material that the school believes is illegal will be reported to appropriate agencies such as IWF [Click here to access](#), Cumbria Police or CEOP [Click here to access](#).

- The school's access strategy will be designed by educators to suit the age and curriculum requirements of the pupils, with advice from network managers.

4.10 Managing Video conferencing NA in our School

4.11 Webcams – Not in use in our School

4.12 Managing emerging technologies

- Emerging technologies will be examined for educational benefit and a risk assessment will be carried out before use in school is allowed.

4.13 Data protection

Personal data will be recorded, processed, transferred and made available according to the Data Protection Act 2018 and GDPR which states that personal data must be:

- processed lawfully, fairly and in a transparent manner in relation to individuals.
- collected for specified, explicit and legitimate purposes and not further processed in a manner that is incompatible with those purposes.
- be adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary in relation to the purposes for which they are processed.
- accurate and, where necessary, kept up to date.
- kept for no longer than is necessary.
- processed in a manner that ensures appropriate security of it.

More detailed information can be found in the School Data Protection Policy.

Staff must:

- take care at all times to ensure the safe keeping of personal data, minimising the risk of its loss or misuse;
- use personal data only on secure password protected computers and other devices, ensuring that they are properly "logged-off" at the end of any session in which they are using personal data;
- transfer data using encryption and secure password protected devices.

When personal data is stored on any portable computer system, USB stick or any other removable media:

- the data must be encrypted and password protected;
- the device must be password protected (many memory sticks/cards and other mobile devices cannot be password protected);
- the device must offer approved virus and malware checking software;
- the data must be securely deleted from the device, in line with school procedures (below) once it has been transferred or its use is complete.

4.14 Disposal of redundant ICT equipment

- All redundant ICT equipment will be disposed of through an authorised agency. This should include a written receipt for the item including an acceptance of responsibility for the destruction of any personal data.
- All redundant ICT equipment that may have held personal data will have the storage media overwritten multiple times to ensure the data is irretrievably destroyed. If the storage media has failed it will be physically destroyed. We will only use authorised companies who will supply a written guarantee that this will happen.
- Disposal of any ICT equipment will conform to:
 - The Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment Regulations 2006
 - The Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (Amendment) Regulations 2007
 - Environment Agency Guidance (WEEE) [Click here to access](#)
 - Data Protection Act 2018
 - Electricity at Work Regulations 1989

- The school will maintain a comprehensive inventory of all its ICT equipment including a record of disposal.
 - The school's disposal record will include:
 - Date item disposed of;
 - Authorisation for disposal, including:
 - verification of software licensing
 - any personal data likely to be held on the storage media? *
 - How it was disposed of e.g. waste, gift, sale
 - Name of person and/or organisation who received the disposed item
- * if personal data is likely to be held the storage media will be over written multiple times or 'scrubbed' to ensure the data is irretrievably destroyed.
- Any redundant ICT equipment being considered for sale/gift will have been subject to a recent electrical safety check and hold a valid PAT certificate.

5. Policy Decisions

5.1 Authorising internet access

- The school will maintain a current record of all staff and pupils who are granted access to the school's electronic communications.
- All staff will read and sign the Staff Acceptable Use Agreement before using any school ICT resources.
- Parents will be asked to read and sign the School Acceptable Use Agreement for pupil access and discuss it with their child, where appropriate.
- Parents will be informed that pupils will be provided with supervised Internet access appropriate to their age and ability.
- When considering access for vulnerable members of the school community (such as with children with special education needs) the school will make decisions based on the specific needs and understanding of the pupil(s).
- At Key Stage 1 pupils' access to the Internet will be by adult demonstration with occasional directly supervised access to specific and approved online materials.

5.2 Assessing risks

- The school will take all reasonable precautions to ensure that users access only appropriate material. However, due to the global and connected nature of Internet content, it is not possible to guarantee that access to unsuitable material will never occur via a school computer. Neither the school nor the LA can accept liability for the material accessed, or any consequences resulting from Internet use.
- The school will audit ICT use to establish if the Online Safety Policy and procedures is adequate and that the implementation of the Online Safety Policy is appropriate – see Appendix A for a sample Online Safety Audit.
- The use of computer systems without permission or for inappropriate purposes could constitute a criminal offence under the Computer Misuse Act 1990 and breaches will be reported to Cumbria Police.
- Methods to identify, assess and minimise risks will be reviewed regularly.

5.3 Unsuitable/Inappropriate Activities

The school believes that the activities referred to in the following section would be inappropriate in a school context and users, as defined below, should not engage in these activities in school or outside school when using school equipment or systems. The school Policy and procedures restricts certain internet usage as follows:

User Actions

		Acceptable	Acceptable at certain times	Acceptable for nominated users	Unacceptable	Unacceptable and illegal
Users shall not visit Internet sites, make, post, download, upload, data transfer, communicate or pass on, material, remarks, proposals or comments that contain or relate to:	child sexual abuse images					✓
	promotion or conduct of illegal acts, e.g. under the child protection, obscenity, computer misuse and fraud legislation					✓
	adult material that potentially breaches the Obscene Publications Act in the UK					✓
	criminally racist material in UK					✓
	pornography				✓	
	promotion of any kind of discrimination				✓	
	promotion of racial or religious hatred				✓	
	threatening behaviour, including promotion of physical violence or mental harm				✓	
	any other information which may be offensive to colleagues or breaches the integrity of the ethos of the school or brings the school into disrepute				✓	
	Using school systems to run a private business				✓	
	Use systems, applications, websites or other mechanisms that bypass the filtering or other safeguards employed by the school				✓	
	Uploading, downloading or transmitting commercial software or any copyrighted materials belonging to third parties, without the necessary licensing permissions				✓	
	Revealing or publicising confidential or proprietary information (e.g. financial/personal information, databases, computer / network access codes and passwords)				✓	
	Creating or propagating computer viruses or other harmful files				✓	
	Carrying out sustained or instantaneous high volume network traffic (downloading / uploading files) that causes network congestion and hinders others in their use of the internet				✓	
	Online gaming (educational)				✓	
	Online gaming (non-educational)				✓	
	Online gambling				✓	
	Online shopping/commerce				✓	
	File sharing				✓	
	Use of social networking sites				✓	
	Use of video broadcasting e.g. Youtube			✓		

5.4 What are the risks?

The risks that can be posed to young people and adults when online have been identified by the EUKids online project, which was later referenced in paragraph 1.3 of Dr Tanya Byron in “Safer Children in a Digital World” (2008).

	Commercial	Aggressive	Sexual	Values
Content (Child as recipient)	Adverts Spam Sponsorship Personal Info	Violent/hateful content	Pornographic or unwelcome sexual content	Bias, Racist or Misleading info or advice
Contact (Child as participant)	Tracking Harvesting personal info	Being bullied, harassed or stalked	Meeting strangers, being groomed	Self-harm, Unwelcome persuasions
Conduct (Child as actor)	Illegal downloading Hacking Gambling Financial scams Terrorism	Bullying or harassing another	Creating and uploading inappropriate material	Providing misleading information/advice

Byron Review (2008): [Click here to access](#)

5.5 Responding to Incidents of Concern

If any apparent or actual misuse appears to involve illegal activity e.g.

- child sexual abuse images
- adult material which potentially breaches the Obscene Publications Act
- criminally racist material
- extremism or radicalisation of individuals
- other criminal conduct, activity or materials - school should refer to the Flow Chart found at Appendix I.
- In this school there is strict monitoring and application of the Online Safety Policy and a differentiated and appropriate range of sanctions, though the attitudes and behaviour of users are generally positive and there is rarely need to apply sanctions
- All members of the school community will be informed about the procedure for reporting online safety concerns (such as breaches of filtering, cyber-bullying, illegal content etc.).
- The Online Safety Coordinator will record all reported incidents and actions taken in the School Online Safety incident log and other in any relevant areas e.g. Bullying or Child protection log.
- The Designated Safeguarding Lead will be informed of any online safety incidents involving Child Protection concerns, which will then be escalated appropriately – See Child Protection Policy and procedures for dealing with concerns.
- The school will manage Online Safety incidents in accordance with the school discipline/behaviour policy where appropriate.
- The school will inform parents of any incidents of concerns as and when required.
- After any investigations are completed, the school will debrief, identify lessons learnt and implement any changes required.
- Where there is cause for concern or fear that illegal activity has taken place or is taking place then the school will contact the Safeguarding Hub **and** escalate the concern to the Police.
- If the school is unsure how to proceed with any incidents of concern, then the incident may be escalated to the Safeguarding Hub – see Child Protection Policy and procedures.

If members of staff suspect that misuse might have taken place, but that the misuse is not illegal (as above) it is essential that correct procedures are used to investigate, preserve evidence and protect those carrying out the investigation. More than one member of staff should be involved in the investigation which should be carried out on a “clean” designated computer.

It is more likely that the school will need to deal with incidents that involve inappropriate rather than illegal misuse. It is important that any incidents are dealt with as soon as possible in a proportionate manner, and that members of the school community are aware that incidents have been dealt with. It is intended that incidents of misuse will be dealt with through normal behaviour/disciplinary procedures as follows:

Pupils	Actions / Sanctions						
Incidents:	Refer to class teacher	Refer to Head teacher	Refer to Police	Inform parents	Removal of network / internet access rights	Warning	Further sanction e.g. exclusion
Deliberately accessing or trying to access material that could be considered illegal (see list in earlier section on unsuitable/inappropriate activities).	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Unauthorised use of non-educational sites during lessons	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	

Accidentally accessing offensive or pornographic material and failing to report the incident	✓	✓		✓			
Deliberately accessing or trying to access offensive or pornographic material	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓

Staff

Actions / Sanctions

Incidents:	Refer to Head teacher	Refer to LA/HR	Refer to Police	Warning	Suspension	Disciplinary action
Deliberately accessing or trying to access material that could be considered illegal (see list in earlier section on unsuitable / inappropriate activities).	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓
Excessive or inappropriate personal use of the internet / social networking sites / instant messaging / personal email	✓	✓		✓		
Unauthorised downloading or uploading of files	✓	✓		✓		
Allowing others to access school network by sharing username and passwords or attempting to access or accessing the school network, using another person's account	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓
Careless use of personal data e.g. holding or transferring data in an insecure manner	✓			✓		
Deliberate actions to breach data protection or network security rules	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Corrupting or destroying the data of other users or causing deliberate damage to hardware or software			✓		✓	✓
Sending an email, text or instant message that is regarded as offensive, harassment or of a bullying nature		✓	✓		✓	✓
Using personal email / social networking / instant messaging / text messaging to carrying out digital communications with pupils			✓		✓	✓
Actions which could compromise the staff member's professional standing	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓
Actions which could bring the school into disrepute or breach the integrity of the ethos of the school	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓
Using proxy sites or other means to subvert the school's filtering system	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓
Accidentally accessing offensive or pornographic material and failing to report the incident	✓			✓		
Deliberately accessing or trying to access offensive or pornographic material	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Continued infringements of the above, following previous warnings or sanctions	✓	✓			✓	✓

5.6 Managing cyber-bullying

- Cyber-bullying (along with all other forms of bullying) of any member of the school community will not be tolerated. Full details are set out in the Whole School Behaviour Policy.

- There are clear procedures in place to support anyone in the school community affected by cyber-bullying.
- All incidents of cyber-bullying reported to the school will be recorded.
- There will be clear procedures in place to investigate incidents or allegations of Cyber-bullying.
- Pupils, staff and parents will be advised to keep a record of the bullying as evidence.
- The school will take steps to identify the bully, where possible and appropriate. This may include examining school system logs, identifying and interviewing possible witnesses, and contacting the service provider and the police, if necessary.
- Pupils, staff and parents will be required to work with the school to support the approach to cyber-bullying and the school's online safety ethos.
- Sanctions for those involved in cyber-bullying may include:
 - The bully will be asked to remove any material deemed to be inappropriate or offensive.
 - A service provider may be contacted to remove content if the bully refuses or is unable to delete content.
 - Internet access may be suspended at school for the user for a period of time. Other sanctions for pupils and staff may also be used in accordance with the Whole School Behaviour Policy, Acceptable Use Agreement and Disciplinary Procedures.
 - Parents of pupils will be informed.
 - The Police will be contacted if a criminal offence is suspected.

5.7 Managing Learning Environment

- SLT and staff will regularly monitor the usage of the VLE by pupils and staff in all areas, in particular message and communication tools and publishing facilities.
- Pupils/staff will be advised about acceptable conduct and use when using the VLE.
- Only members of the current pupil, parent and staff community will have access to the VLE.
- All users will be mindful of copyright issues and will only upload appropriate content onto the VLE.
- When staff, pupils etc. leave the school their account or rights to specific school areas will be disabled or transferred to their new establishment.
- Any concerns about content on the VLE may be recorded and dealt with in the following ways:
 - The user will be asked to remove any material deemed to be inappropriate or offensive.
 - The material will be removed by the site administrator if the user does not comply.
 - Access to the VLE for the user may be suspended.
 - The user will need to discuss the issues with a member of SLT before reinstatement.
 - A pupil's parent may be informed.
 - A visitor may be invited onto the VLE by a member of the SLT. In this instance there may be an agreed focus or a limited time slot.
- Pupils may require editorial approval from a member of staff. This may be given to the pupil to fulfil a specific aim and may have a limited time frame.

5.8 Managing Mobile Phones and Personal Devices

- The sending of abusive or inappropriate messages or content via mobile phones or personal devices is forbidden by any member of the school community and any breaches will be dealt with as part of the school discipline/Behaviour Policy.
- The school reserves the right to search the content of any mobile or handheld devices on the school premises where there is a reasonable suspicion that it may contain undesirable materials, including those which promote pornography, violence or bullying. Staff mobiles or hand-held devices may be searched at any time as part of routine monitoring.
- If there is suspicion that the material on the mobile may provide evidence relating to a criminal offence the phone will be handed over to the police for further investigation.
- Staff members may use their phones during school break times. All visitors are requested to keep their phones on silent whilst in the school.
- The recording, taking and sharing of images, video and audio on any mobile phone is to be avoided, except where it has been explicitly agreed otherwise by the Head teacher. Such authorised use is to be

monitored and recorded. All mobile phone use is to be open to scrutiny and the Head teacher is authorised to withdraw or restrict authorisation for use at any time if it is deemed necessary.

- Electronic devices of all kinds that are brought in to school are the responsibility of the user. The school accepts no responsibility for the loss, theft or damage of such items. Nor will the school accept responsibility for any adverse health effects caused by any such devices either potential or actual.
- Where parents or pupils need to contact each other during the school day, they should do so only through the School's telephone. Staff may use their phones during break times. If a staff member is expecting a personal call they may leave their phone with the school office to answer on their behalf, or seek specific permissions to use their phone at other than their break time.
- Mobile phones and personal devices are not permitted to be used in certain areas within the school site such as changing rooms, toilets and swimming pools.

Staff use of personal devices:

- Staff are not permitted to use their own personal phones or devices for contacting children, young people and their families within or outside of the setting in a professional capacity.
- Mobile phones and personally owned devices will be switched off or switched to 'silent' mode; Bluetooth communication should be "hidden" or switched off and mobile phones or personally owned devices will not be used during teaching periods unless permission has been given by the Headteacher in emergency circumstances.
- Staff should not use personal devices such as mobile phones or cameras to take photos or videos of pupils and will only use work-provided equipment for this purpose.
- Where members of staff are required to use a their own mobile phone for school duties, for instance in case of emergency during off-site activities, or for contacting pupils or parents, they should use their own device and hide (by inputting 141) their own mobile number for confidentiality purposes.
- If a member of staff breaches the school Policy and procedures then disciplinary action may be taken.

Communication Technologies	Staff & other adults				Pupils			
	Allowed	Allowed at certain times	Allowed for selected staff	Not allowed	Allowed	Allowed at certain times	Allowed with staff permission	Not allowed
Mobile phones may be brought to school		✓						✓
Use of mobile phones in lessons				✓				✓
Use of mobile phones in social time		✓						✓
Taking photos on mobile phones or other camera devices			✓					✓
Use of hand held devices e.g. PDAs, PSPs				✓				✓
Use of personal email addresses in school, or on school network		✓						✓
Use of school email for personal emails				✓				✓
Use of chat rooms/facilities				✓				✓
Use of instant messaging				✓				✓
Use of social networking sites				✓				✓
Use of blogs				✓				✓

6. Communicating Policy and procedures

6.1 Introducing the Policy and procedures to Pupils

Discussion:

Many pupils are very familiar with the culture of mobile and Internet use and it is wise to involve them in designing the School Online Safety Policy, possibly through a pupil council. As pupils' perceptions of the risks will vary, the online safety rules may need to be explained or discussed.

Posters covering online safety rules should be displayed in every room with a computer to remind pupils of the rules at the point of use.

The pupil and parent agreement form should include a copy of the school online safety rules appropriate to the age of the pupil.

Consideration must be given as to the curriculum place for teaching online safety. This could be as an ICT lesson activity, part of the pastoral programme or part of every subject whenever pupils are using the internet.

Useful online safety programmes include:

- Think U Know: www.thinkuknow.co.uk
- Childnet: www.childnet.com
- Kidsmart: www.kidsmart.org.uk

Possible statements:

- **All users will be informed that network and Internet use will be monitored.**
- **An online safety training programme will be established across the school to raise the awareness and importance of safe and responsible internet use amongst pupils.**
- *Pupil instruction regarding responsible and safe use will precede Internet access.*
- *An online safety module will be included in the PSHE, Citizenship and/or ICT programmes covering both safe school and home use.*
- *Online safety training will be part of the transition programme across the Key Stages and when moving between establishments.*
- *Online Safety rules or copies of the pupil Acceptable Use Agreement will be posted in all rooms with Internet access.*
- *Safe and responsible use of the Internet and technology will be reinforced across the curriculum and subject areas.*

Particular attention to Online Safety education will be given where pupils are considered to be vulnerabl

Useful online safety programmes include:

- Think U Know: www.thinkuknow.co.uk
- Childnet: www.childnet.com
- Kidsmart: www.kidsmart.org.uk

- All users will be informed that network and Internet use will be monitored.
- An online safety training programme will be established across the school to raise the awareness and importance of safe and responsible internet use amongst pupils.
- Pupil instruction regarding responsible and safe use will precede Internet access.
- An online safety module will be included in the PSHE, Citizenship and the 'Kidsafe programme' covering both safe school and home use.
- Online safety training will be part of the transition programme across the Key Stages and when moving between establishments.
- Online Safety rules or copies of the pupil Acceptable Use Agreement will be posted in all rooms with Internet access.
- Safe and responsible use of the Internet and technology will be reinforced across the curriculum and subject areas.

- Particular attention to Online Safety education will be given where pupils are considered to be vulnerable.

6.2 Discussing the Policy and procedures with Staff

- The Online Safety Policy and procedures will be formally provided to, and discussed, with all members of staff.
- To protect all staff and pupils, the school will implement Acceptable Use Agreements.
- Up-to-date and appropriate staff training in safe and responsible Internet use, both professionally and personally, will be provided for all members of staff.
- The School will highlight useful online tools which staff should use with children in the classroom. These tools will vary according to the age and ability of the pupils.
- All members of staff will be made aware that their online conduct out of school could have an impact on their role and reputation within school. Civil, legal or disciplinary action could be taken if they are found to bring the profession or institution into disrepute, or if something is felt to have undermined confidence in their professional abilities.

6.3 Enlisting Parents' Support

- Parents' attention will be drawn to the school Online Safety Policy and procedures in newsletters, and on the school website.
- A partnership approach to online safety at home and at school with parents will be encouraged. This may include offering parent evenings with demonstrations and suggestions for safe home Internet use, or highlighting online safety at other attended events e.g. parent evenings and sports days.
- Information and guidance for parents on online safety will be made available to parents in a variety of formats.
- Advice on useful resources and websites, filtering systems and educational and leisure activities which include responsible use of the Internet will be made available to parents.
- Interested parents will be referred to organisations listed in the "online safety Links" at Appendix K.

7. Complaints

The school will take all reasonable precautions to ensure online safety. However, owing to the international scale and linked nature of Internet content, the availability of mobile technologies and speed of change, it is not possible to guarantee that unsuitable materials will never appear on a school computer or mobile device. Neither the school staff nor the Governing Body can accept liability for material accessed, or any consequences of Internet access.

- Complaints about the misuse of on-line systems will be dealt with under the school's Complaints procedure.
- Complaints about cyberbullying are dealt with in accordance with our Anti-bullying procedures.
- Complaints related to child protection are dealt with in accordance with school/LA Child Protection Policy and procedures.
- Any complaints about staff misuse will be referred to the Head teacher.
- All online safety complaints and incidents will be recorded by the school including any actions taken (see Appendix J).

Staff and pupils are given information about infringements in use and possible sanctions. Sanctions available include:

- Interview/counselling by class teacher/Head teacher;
- Informing parents;
- Removal of Internet or computer access for a period;
- Referral to the Police.

Any complaint about staff misuse is referred to the Head teacher.

- Parents will be informed of the complaints procedure.
- Parents and pupils will need to work in partnership with the school to resolve issues.

- All members of the school community will need to be aware of the importance of confidentiality and the need to follow the official school procedures for reporting concerns.
- Discussions will be held with the local Police and/or the Safeguarding Hub to establish procedures for handling potentially illegal issues.
- Any issues (including sanctions) will be dealt with according to the school's disciplinary, behaviour and child protection procedures.

All members of the school community will be reminded about safe and appropriate behaviour online and the importance of not posting any content, comments, images or videos online which cause harm, distress or offence to any other members of the school community or which may bring the school into disrepute.

8. Acknowledgements

With thanks to Jeff Haslam (E-Safety Consultant), Hertfordshire County Council, Kent County Council, the South West Grid for Learning, Cumbria LSCB, CEOP, UKCCIS, Childnet and the DfE whose guidance and information has contributed to the development of this Policy and procedures.

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St. Michael's Nursery and Infants School ONLINE SAFETY AUDIT

This self-audit should be completed by the Headteacher, Governors and Staff.

Does the school have an Online Safety Policy and procedures	YES / NO
Date of latest update:	
Date of future review:	
The school Online Safety Policy and procedures was agreed by governors on:	
The Policy and procedures is available for staff to access at:	
The Policy and procedures is available for parents to access at:	
The responsible member of the Senior Leadership Team is:	
The Governor responsible for Online Safety is:	
The Designated Safeguarding Lead is:	
The Online Safety Coordinator is:	
Were all stakeholders (e.g. pupils, staff and parents) consulted when updating the school Online Safety Policy and procedures?	YES / NO
Has up-to-date Online Safety training been provided for all members of staff? (not just teaching staff)	YES / NO
Do all members of staff sign an Acceptable Use Agreement on appointment?	YES / NO
Are all staff made aware of the schools expectation around safe and professional online behaviour?	YES / NO
Is there a clear procedure for staff, pupils and parents to follow when responding to or reporting an online safety incident of concern?	YES / NO
Have online safety materials from CEOP, Childnet and UKCCIS etc. been obtained?	YES / NO
Is online safety training provided for all pupils (appropriate to age and ability and across all Key Stages and curriculum areas)?	YES / NO
Are online safety rules displayed in all rooms where computers are used and expressed in a form that is accessible to all pupils?	YES / NO
Do parents or pupils sign an Acceptable Use Agreement?	YES / NO
Are staff, pupils, parents and visitors aware that network and Internet use is closely monitored and individual usage can be traced?	YES / NO
Has an ICT security audit been initiated by SLT?	YES / NO
Is personal data collected, stored and used according to the principles of the Data Protection Act/GDPR?	YES / NO
Is Internet access provided by an approved educational Internet service provider which complies with DfE requirements?	YES / NO
Has the school filtering been designed to reflect educational objectives and been approved by SLT?	YES / NO
Are members of staff with responsibility for managing filtering, network access and monitoring systems adequately supervised by a member of SLT?	YES / NO
Does the school log and record all online safety incidents, including any action taken?	YES / NO
Are the Governing Body and SLT monitoring and evaluating the school Online Safety Policy and procedures on a regular basis?	YES / NO

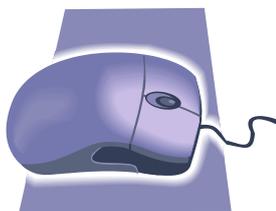
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These rules help us to stay safe on the Internet.

Think then Click



We only use the Internet when an adult is with us.



We can click on the buttons or links when we know what they do



We can search the internet with an adult.



We always ask if we get lost on the Internet.



We can send and open emails together.



We can write polite and friendly emails to people that we know.

Think then Click



We ask permission before using the Internet.

We only use websites that our teacher has chosen.



We immediately close any webpage we don't like.

We only email people our teacher has approved.



We send emails that are polite and friendly.

We never give out a home address or phone number.



We never arrange to meet anyone we don't know.

We never open emails sent by anyone we don't know.



We never use Internet chat rooms.

We tell the teacher if we see anything we are unhappy with.



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PUPIL ACCEPTABLE USE AGREEMENT (Nursery & Primary Schools)

These rules will help us to be fair to others and keep everyone safe.

- ★ I will only use ICT in school for school purposes.
- ★ I will only open/delete my own files.
- ★ I will 'log-off' when I leave a computer.
- ★ I will make sure that all ICT contact with other children and adults is responsible, polite and sensible.
- ★ I will not deliberately look for, save or send anything that could be unpleasant or nasty. If I accidentally find anything like this I will tell my teacher immediately.
- ★ I will not give out or share my own/or others details such as name, phone number or home address.
- ★ I will be responsible for my behaviour when using ICT because I know that these rules are to keep me safe.
- ★ I will support the school approach to online safety and not deliberately upload or add any images, video, sounds or text that could upset any member of the school community.
- ★ I know that my use of the school ICT systems and email can be checked and my parent contacted if a member of school staff is concerned about my safety.

✂-----

St. Michael's Nursery and Infants School

Pupil Acceptable Use – Pupil and Parent Agreement

Dear Parent,

ICT including the internet, email and mobile technologies has become an important part of learning in our school. We expect all children to be safe and responsible when using any ICT.

Please read and discuss these online safety rules with your child and return the slip at the bottom of this page. If you have any concerns or would like some explanation please contact the Headteacher.

Please take care to ensure that appropriate systems are in place at home to protect and support your child/ren.

We have discussed this document with (child name) and we agree to follow the online safety rules and to support the safe use of ICT at St. Michael's Nursery and Infants School.

Parent Name		Pupil Class	
Signed (Parent)		Date	

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STAFF / VOLUNTEER ACCEPTABLE USE POLICY AGREEMENT

ICT (including data) and the related technologies such as email, the internet and mobile devices are an expected part of our daily working life in school. This Agreement is designed to ensure that all staff and volunteers are aware of their responsibilities when using any form of ICT. This applies to ICT used in school and also applies to use of school ICT systems and equipment out of school and use of personal equipment in school or in situations related to their employment by the school. All staff and volunteers (where they are using technology in school) are expected to sign this Agreement and adhere at all times to its contents. Any concerns or clarification should be discussed with Mrs Tait (Head teacher).

This Acceptable Use Agreement is intended to ensure that:

- staff and volunteers are responsible users and stay safe while using technologies for educational, personal and recreational use;
- school ICT systems and users are protected from accidental or deliberate misuse that could put the security of the systems and users at risk;
- staff are protected from potential risk from the use of ICT in their everyday work and work to ensure that young people in their care are safe users.

Acceptable Use Agreement

I understand that I must use school ICT systems in a responsible way, to ensure that there is no risk to my safety or to the safety and security of the ICT systems and other users.

Keeping Safe

- ★ I understand that all my use of the Internet and other related technologies can be monitored and logged and can be made available, on request, to my Head teacher.
- ★ I will only use my own user names and passwords which I will choose carefully so they cannot be guessed easily. I will also change the passwords on a termly basis.
- ★ I will not use any other person's user name and password.
- ★ I will not give out my own personal details, such as mobile phone number, personal email address, personal Twitter account, or any other social media link, to pupils.
- ★ I will ensure that my data is regularly backed up.
- ★ I will ensure that I 'log off' after my network session has finished.
- ★ I will ensure that my online activity, both in school and outside school, will not bring my professional role or the school into disrepute.
- ★ I will not accept invitations from school pupils to add me as a friend to their social networking sites, nor will I invite them to be friends on mine.

As damage to professional reputations can inadvertently be caused by quite innocent postings or images, I will also be careful with who has access to my pages through friends and friends of friends, especially with those connected with my responsibilities as a Governor at the school, such as parents and their children.

- ★ I understand that data protection requires that any personal data that I have access to must be kept private and confidential, except when it is deemed necessary that I am required by law or by school procedures to disclose it an appropriate authority.
- ★ I will only transport, hold, disclose or share personal information about myself or others as outlined in the school personal data guidelines. I will not send personal information by email as it is not secure.
- ★ Where personal data is transferred outside the secure school network, it must be encrypted. Personal data can only be taken out of school when authorised, in advance, by the Head teacher or Governing Body. Personal or sensitive data taken off site in an electronic format must be encrypted, e.g. on a password secured laptop or memory stick. Staff leading a trip are expected to take relevant pupil information with them but this must be held securely at all times.
- ★ I will ensure that any private social networking sites/blogs etc. that I create, or actively contribute to:
 - do not reveal confidential information about the way the school operates;
 - are not confused with my school responsibilities in any way;
 - do not include inappropriate or defamatory comments about individuals connected with the school community;
 - support the school's approach to online safety which includes not uploading or posting to the internet any pictures, video or text that could upset, offend or threaten the safety of any member of the school community or bring the school into disrepute;
- ★ I will not try to bypass the filtering and security systems in place.
- ★ I will only use my personal ICT in school for permissible activities and I will follow the rules set out in this agreement. I will ensure that any such devices are protected by up to date anti-virus software and are free from viruses.

Promoting Safe Use by Learners

- ★ I will support and promote the school's Online Safety, Data Protection and Behaviour Policies and help pupils to be safe and responsible in their use of ICT and related technologies.
- ★ I will model safe use of the internet in school.
- ★ I will educate young people on how to use technologies safely according to the school teaching programme.
- ★ I will take immediate action in line with school procedures if an issue arises in school that might compromise a learner, user or school safety or if a pupil reports any concerns.

Communication

- ★ I will only use the school's email/Internet and any related technologies for professional purposes or for uses deemed 'acceptable' by the Head teacher or Governing Body.
- ★ I will communicate on-line in a professional manner and tone, I will not use aggressive or inappropriate language and I appreciate that others may have different opinions. Anonymous messages are not permitted.
- ★ I will not engage in any on-line activity that may compromise my professional responsibilities.
- ★ I will not use language that could be calculated to incite hatred against any ethnic, religious or other minority group.
- ★ I am aware that any communication could be forwarded to an employer or governors.
- ★ I will only use chat and social networking sites that are approved by the school.
- ★ I will not use personal email addresses on the school ICT systems unless I have permission to do so.

Research and Recreation

- ★ I will not browse, upload, download, distribute or otherwise access any materials which are illegal, discriminatory or inappropriate or may cause harm or distress to others.
- ★ I will not (unless I have permission) make large downloads or uploads that might take up internet capacity.
- ★ I know that all school ICT is primarily intended for educational use and I will only use the systems for personal or recreational use if this is allowed by the school.

Sharing

- ★ I will not access, copy, remove or otherwise alter any other user's file, without their permission.
- ★ I will respect the privacy and ownership of others' work online at all times and will not access, copy, remove or otherwise alter any other user's files without the owner's knowledge and permission, and will credit them if I use it.
- ★ Where work is protected by copyright, I will not download or distribute copies (including music and videos). If I am unsure about this, I will seek advice.
- ★ Images of pupils and/or staff will only be taken, stored and used for professional purposes using school equipment in line with school procedures.
- ★ I will only take images/video of pupils and staff where it relates to agreed learning and teaching activities and will ensure I have parent/staff permission before I take them.
- ★ If images are to be published on-line or in the media I will ensure that parental/staff permission allows this.
- ★ I will not use my personal equipment to record images/video of pupils
- ★ I will support the school approach to online safety and not deliberately upload or add any images, video, sounds or text that could upset or offend any member of the school community.

Buying/Selling/Gaming

- ★ I will not use school equipment for on-line purchasing, selling or gaming unless I have permission to do so.

Problems

- ★ I will immediately report any illegal, inappropriate or harmful material or incident I become aware of, to the Head teacher.
- ★ I will not install any hardware or software on a computer or other device without permission of the Systems Manager.
- ★ I will not try to alter computer settings or cause damage to ICT equipment in school.
- ★ I will immediately report any damage or faults involving equipment or software, however this may have happened.
- ★ I will not open any attachments to emails, unless the source is known and trusted, due to the risk of the attachment containing viruses or other harmful programmes.
- ★ I understand this forms part of the terms and conditions set out in my contract of employment.
- ★ I understand that if I fail to comply with this Acceptable Use Agreement, I could be subject to disciplinary action. This could include a warning, a suspension, referral to Governors and / or the Local Authority and in the event of illegal activities the involvement of the police.



Staff/Volunteer Acceptable Use Agreement

I will use the school network in a responsible way and observe all the restrictions as explained in the staff ICT Acceptable Use Agreement. I agree to use ICT by these rules when:

- ✓ I use school ICT systems at school or at home when I have permission to do so
- ✓ I use my own ICT (where permitted) in school
- ✓ I use my own ICT out of school to access school sites or for activities relating to my employment by the school

Staff/Volunteer Name			
Job Title (where applicable)			
Signed		Date:	

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GOVERNOR

ACCEPTABLE USE AGREEMENT

This Agreement is designed to ensure that all Governors are aware of their responsibilities when using any form of ICT as it relates to their role in this school. This applies to ICT used in school and also applies to use of school ICT systems and equipment out of school and use of personal equipment in school or in situations related to a Governors role in the school. All Governors (where they are using technology in relation to their role) are expected to sign this Agreement and adhere at all times to its contents. Any concerns or clarification should be discussed with Mrs Tait (Head teacher).

This Acceptable Use Agreement is intended to ensure that:

- Governors are responsible users and stay safe while using technologies for educational, personal and recreational use;
- school ICT systems and users are protected from accidental or deliberate misuse that could put the security of the systems and users at risk;
- Governors are protected from potential risk from the use of ICT.

School networked resources, including Scholar Pack, are intended for educational purposes and may only be used for legal activities consistent with the rules of the school. If you make a comment about the school/Local Authority, you must state that it is an expression of your own personal view. Any use of the network that would bring the name of the school/Local Authority into disrepute is not permitted.

All users are required to follow the conditions laid down in the Agreement. Any breach of these conditions may lead to withdrawal of the user's access, monitoring and/or retrospective investigation of the user's use of the services, and in some instances could lead to criminal prosecution.

Personal Responsibility

- ★ Users are responsible for their behaviour and communications.
- ★ Governors are expected to use the resources for the purposes for which they are made available.
- ★ It is the responsibility of the User to take all reasonable steps to ensure compliance with the conditions set out in this Agreement, and to ensure that unacceptable use does not occur.
- ★ Users will accept personal responsibility for reporting any misuse of the network to the Head teacher/Chair of Governors

Keeping Safe

- ★ I will not reveal any personal information (e.g. home address, telephone number, social networking details) of other users to any unauthorised person.
- ★ I will not give out my own personal details, such as mobile phone number, personal email address, personal Twitter account, or any other social media link, to pupils.
- ★ I will only use my own user names and passwords which I will choose carefully so they cannot be guessed easily. I will also change the passwords on a termly and always where I think someone may have learned my password.
- ★ I will not use any other person's user name and password or, where they are known, pass the details to any other individual.
- ★ I will not attempt to access other users' files or folders.
- ★ I will ensure that I 'log off' after my network session has finished.
- ★ If I find an unattended machine logged on under another user's username, I will **not** continue using the machine – I will 'log off' immediately.
- ★ I will not attempt to visit websites that might be considered inappropriate or illegal. I am aware that downloading some material is illegal and the police or other authorities may be called to investigate such use.
- ★ I will report any accidental access, receipt of inappropriate materials or filtering breaches/unsuitable websites to the Head teacher as soon as I become aware of the access/receipt.
- ★ I will not accept invitations from pupils to add me as a friend to their social networking sites, nor will I invite them to be friends on mine.

As damage to professional reputations can inadvertently be caused by quite innocent postings or images, I will also be careful with who has access to my pages through friends and friends of friends, especially with those connected with my responsibilities as a Governor at the school, such as parents and their children.

- ★ I will ensure that any private social networking sites/blogs etc. that I create, or actively contribute to:
 - Do not reveal confidential information about the way the school operates
 - Are not confused with my school responsibilities in any way.

Promoting Safe Use by Learners

- ★ I will support and promote the school’s Online Safety and Data Security Policies and procedures and help pupils be safe and responsible in their use of the Internet and related technologies.

Communication

- ★ I will not create, transmit, display or publish any material that is likely to harass, cause offence, inconvenience or needless anxiety to any other person or bring the school/Local Authority into disrepute.
- ★ I will use appropriate language – I will remember that I am a representative of the school on a global public system. Illegal activities of any kind are strictly forbidden.
- ★ I will not use language that could be calculated to incite hatred against any ethnic, religious or minority group.
- ★ I am aware that email is not guaranteed to be private. Messages relating to or in support of illegal activities will be reported to the Head teacher. Anonymous messages are not permitted.
- ★ I will not send or publish material that violates the Data Protection Act or breaches the security this Act requires for personal data, including data held in Scholar pack.
- ★ I will not receive, send or publish material that violates copyright law. This includes materials sent/received using Video Conferencing or Web Broadcasting.
- ★ I will ensure that any personal data (where the Data Protection Act applies) that is sent over the Internet (or taken off-site in any other way) will be encrypted.

Sharing

- ★ I will not use personal digital cameras or camera phones for creating or transferring images of children or young people without the express permission of the school leadership team.

General Equipment Use

- ★ I will not use the network in any way that would disrupt the use of the network by others.
- ★ I will not use ‘USB drives’, portable hard-drives, tablets or personal laptops on the network without having them ‘approved’ by the school and checked for viruses.
- ★ I will not download any unapproved software, system utilities or resources from the Internet that might compromise the network or are not adequately licensed.
- ★ I will not attempt to harm or destroy any equipment or data of another user or network connected to the school system.
- ★ I understand that I must comply with the Acceptable Use Agreement of any other network which is accessed via the school network.

Users of the school network are expected to inform the Head teacher/System Administrator immediately if a security problem is identified and should not demonstrate this problem to other users. Files held on the school’s network will be regularly checked and monitored. Users identified as a security risk will be denied access to the network.

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Governor User Acceptable Use Agreement

As a school user of the network resources, I agree to follow the school rules (set out above) on its use. I will use the network in a responsible way and observe all the restrictions explained in the school Online Safety Policy and Acceptable Use Agreement. If I am in any doubt, I will consult the Head teacher.

If I do not follow the rules, I understand that this may result in loss of access to these resources as well as other disciplinary action. I realise that Governors under reasonable suspicion of misuse in terms of access or content may be placed under retrospective investigation or have their usage monitored.

Governor Name			
Signed		Date:	

SOCIAL NETWORKING SITES - FACEBOOK

GUIDANCE FOR PARENTS

There are many children of Primary School age who have Facebook Profiles despite the permitted minimum age to use the site being 13, according to the site terms and conditions.

Our school is committed to promoting the safe and responsible use of the Internet and as such we feel it is our responsibility to raise this particular issue as a concern. Whilst children cannot access Facebook or other social networking sites at school, they could have access to it on any other computer or mobile technology. Websites such as Facebook offer amazing communication and social connections, however they are created with their audience in mind and this is specifically 13 years old. Possible risks for children under 13 using the site may include:

- Facebook use 'age targeted' advertising and therefore your child could be exposed to adverts of a sexual or other inappropriate nature, depending on the age they stated they were when they registered;
- Children may accept 'friend requests' from people they don't know in real life which could increase the risk of inappropriate contact or behaviour;
- Facebook is one of the social networking sites used by those attempting to radicalise young people;
- Language, games, groups and content posted or shared on Facebook is not moderated, and therefore can be offensive, illegal or unsuitable for children;
- Photographs shared by users are not moderated and therefore children could be exposed to inappropriate images or even post their own;
- Underage users might be less likely to keep their identities private and lying about their age can expose them to further risks regarding privacy settings and other options;
- Facebook could be exploited by bullies and for other inappropriate contact;
- Facebook cannot and does not verify its members therefore it important to remember that if your child can lie about who they are online, so can anyone else!

We feel that it is important to point out to parents the risks of underage use of such sites, so you can make an informed decision as to whether to allow your child to have a profile or not. These profiles will have been created away from school and sometimes by a child, their friends, siblings or even parents. We will take action (such as reporting aged profiles) if a problem comes to our attention that involves the safety or wellbeing of any of our children.

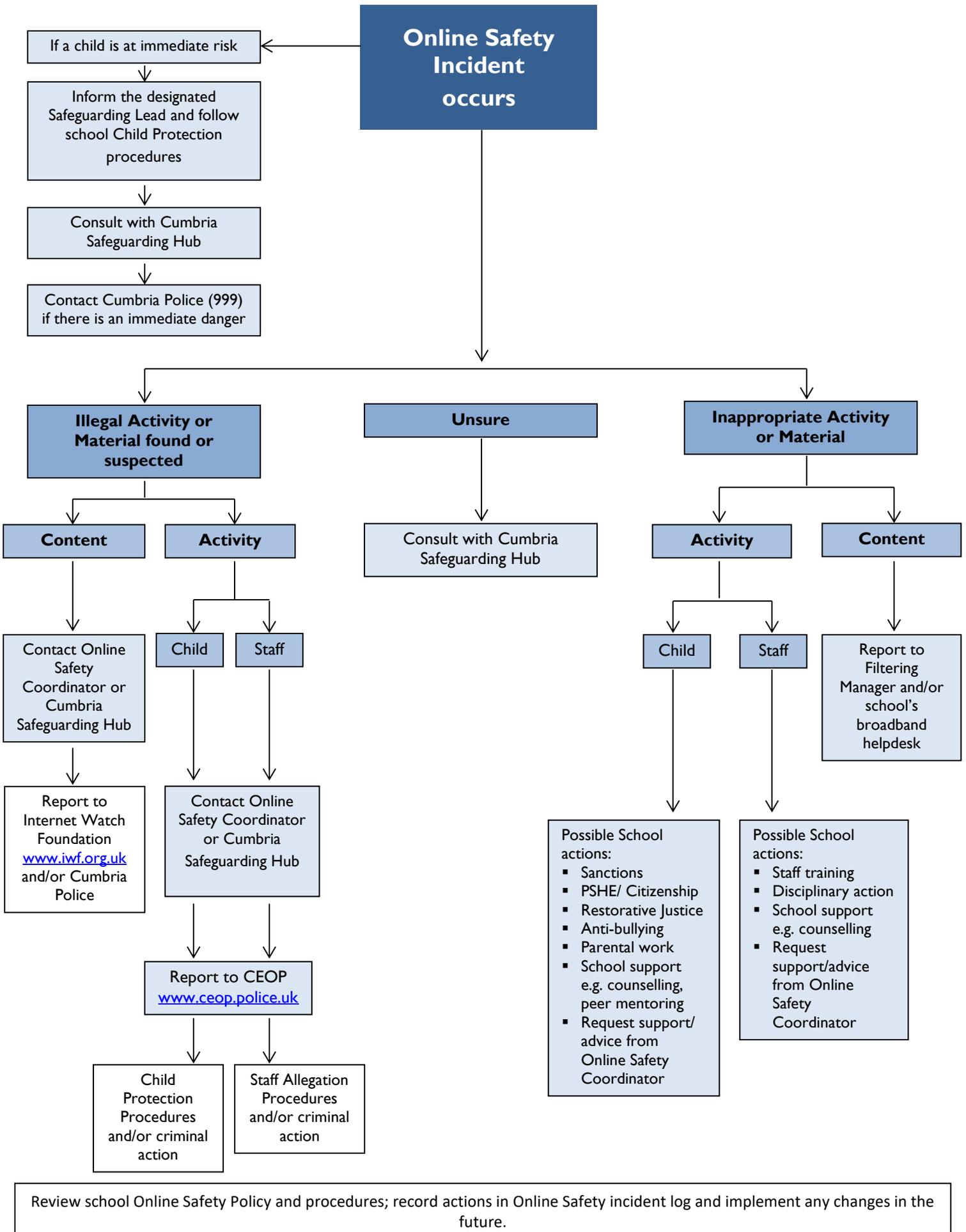
Should you decide to allow your children to have a Facebook profile we strongly advise you to:

- Check their profile is set to private and that only 'friends' can see information that is posted;
- Monitor your child's use and talk to them about safe and appropriate online behaviour such as not sharing personal information and not posting offensive messages or photos;
- Ask them to install the CEOP (Child Exploitation and Online Protection Centre) application from www.facebook.com/clickceop on their profile. This places a bookmark on their profile to CEOP and the 'Report Abuse' button which has been known to deter offenders;
- Have a look at the advice for parents from Facebook www.facebook.com/help/?safety=parents;
- Set up your own profile so you understand how the site works and ask them to add you as a friend on their profile so you can keep track of what they are posting online;
- Make sure your child understands the following rules:
 - Always keep your profile private;
 - Never accept friends you don't know in real life;
 - Never post anything which could reveal your identity;
 - Never post anything you wouldn't want your parents to see;
 - Never agree to meet someone you only know online without telling a trusted adult;
 - Always tell someone if you feel threatened or someone upsets you.

We recommend that all parents visit the CEOP ThinkUKnow website for more information on keeping your child safe online [Click here to access](#).

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RESPONSE TO AN INCIDENT OF CONCERN



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ONLINE SAFETY LINKS

The following links may help those who are developing or reviewing a school Online Safety Policy and procedures.

- **CEOP (Child Exploitation and Online Protection Centre):** [Click here to access](#)
- **Childline:** [Click here to access](#)
- **Childnet:** [Click here to access](#)
- **Internet Watch Foundation (IWF):** [Click here to access](#)
- **Cumbria Local Safeguarding Children Board (Cumbria LSCB):** [Click here to access](#)
- **Kidsmart:** [Click here to access](#)
- **Think U Know website:** [Click here to access](#)
- **Virtual Global Taskforce — Report Abuse:** [Click here to access](#)
- **EE Safety Education:** [Click here to access](#)
- **O2 Safety Education:** [Click here to access](#)
- **Information Commissioner's Office (ICO)** [Click here to access](#)
- **INSAFE** [Click here to access](#)
- **Anti-Bullying Network -** [Click here to access](#)
- **Cyberbullying.org -** [Click here to access](#)
- **Learning Curve Education:** [Click here to access](#)
- **UK Safer Internet Centre:** [Click here to access](#)
- **UK Council for Child Internet Safety (UKCCIS):** [Click here to access](#)
- **Wise Kids:** [Click here to access](#)
- **Teem:** [Click here to access](#)
- **Know the Net:** [Click here to access](#)
- **Family Online Safety Institute:** [Click here to access](#)
- **e-safe Education:** [Click here to access](#)
- **Facebook Advice to Parents:** [Click here to access](#)
- **Test your online safety skills:** [Click here to access](#)

The above internet site links were correct at the time of publishing. School staff are advised to check the content of each site prior to allowing access to pupils.

Department for Education/Home Office guidance for schools

PREVENT Duty statutory guidance for Public Bodies: England and Wales – March 2015

The PREVENT Duty – non-statutory Departmental advice for Schools and Childcare Providers – DfE – June 2015

How Social Media is used to encourage travel to Syria and Iraq – Home Office advice to schools – June 2015

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LEGAL FRAMEWORK

Protection of Children Act 1978

It is an offence to take, permit to be taken, make, possess, show, distribute or advertise indecent images of children in the United Kingdom. A child for these purposes is anyone under the age of 18. Viewing an indecent image of a child on your computer means that you have made a digital image. An image of a child also covers pseudo-photographs (digitally collated or otherwise). A person convicted of such an offence may face up to 10 years in prison.

Racial and Religious Hatred Act 2006

This Act makes it a criminal offence to threaten people because of their faith, or to stir up religious hatred by displaying, publishing or distributing written material which is threatening. Other laws already protect people from threats based on their race, nationality or ethnic background.

Criminal Justice Act 2003

Section 146 of the Criminal Justice Act 2003 came into effect in April 2005, empowering courts to impose tougher sentences for offences motivated or aggravated by the victim's sexual orientation in England and Wales.

Sexual Offences Act 2003

It is an offence to take, permit to be taken, make, possess, show, distribute or advertise indecent images of children in the United Kingdom. A child for these purposes is anyone under the age of 18. Viewing an indecent image of a child on your computer means that you have made a digital image. An image of a child also covers pseudo-photographs (digitally collated or otherwise). This can include images taken by and distributed by the child themselves (often referred to as "Sexting"). A person convicted of such an offence may face up to 10 years in prison.

The offence of grooming is committed if you are over 18 and have communicated with a child under 16 at least twice (including by phone or using the Internet) it is an offence to meet them or travel to meet them anywhere in the world with the intention of committing a sexual offence.

Causing a child under 16 to watch a sexual act is illegal, including looking at images such as videos, photos or webcams, for your own gratification.

It is also an offence for a person in a position of trust to engage in sexual activity with any person under 18, with whom they are in a position of trust. (Typically, teachers, social workers, health professionals, connexions staff etc. fall in this category of trust).

Any sexual intercourse with a child under the age of 13 commits the offence of rape.

N.B. Schools should have a copy of The Home Office "Children & Families: Safer from Sexual Crime" document as part of their child protection packs. [Click here to access](#).

Communications Act 2003 (section 127)

Sending by means of the Internet a message or other matter that is grossly offensive or of an indecent, obscene or menacing character; or sending a false message by means of or persistently making use of the Internet for the purpose of causing annoyance, inconvenience or needless anxiety is guilty of an offence liable, on conviction, to imprisonment. This wording is important because an offence is complete as soon as the message has been sent: there is no need to prove any intent or purpose.

Data Protection Act 2018 / GDPR

The Data Protection Act 2018 came into force on 25 May 2018. The Act, which replaces the 1998 Act, provides a legal framework for data protection in the UK. It is supplemented by the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR), the legal framework that sets guidelines for the collection and processing of personal information of individuals within the European Union (EU).

The General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) significantly updates previous Data Protection law to reflect changes in technology and the way organisations collect and use information about people in the 21st century. It regulates the processing of personal data, and gives rights of privacy protection to all living persons.

Data Controllers are responsible for, and need to be able to demonstrate that they comply with the principles set out in Article 5 of the GDPR which requires that:

- Personal data shall be processed lawfully, fairly and in a transparent manner in relation to individuals.
- Personal data shall be collected for specified, explicit and legitimate purposes and not further processed in a manner that is incompatible with those purposes.
- Personal data shall be adequate, relevant and limited to what is necessary in relation to the purposes for which they are processed.
- Personal data shall be accurate and, where necessary, kept up to date.
- Personal data shall be kept for no longer than is necessary.
- Personal data shall be processed in a manner that ensures appropriate security of it.

The first principle of data protection is **fair, lawful and transparent processing**, and is the foundation on which everything else is built.

The Computer Misuse Act 1990 (sections 1 - 3)

This Act makes it an offence to:

- Erase or amend data or programs without authority;
- Obtain unauthorised access to a computer;
- “Eavesdrop” on a computer;
- Make unauthorised use of computer time or facilities;
- Maliciously corrupt or erase data or programs;
- Deny access to authorised users.

UK citizens or residents may be extradited to another country if they are suspected of committing any of the above offences.

Malicious Communications Act 1988 (section 1)

This legislation makes it a criminal offence to send an electronic message (email) that conveys indecent, grossly offensive, threatening material or information that is false; or is of an indecent or grossly offensive nature if the purpose was to cause a recipient to suffer distress or anxiety.

Copyright, Design and Patents Act 1988

Copyright is the right to prevent others from copying or using his or her “work” without permission. The material to which copyright may attach (known in the business as “work”) must be the author’s own creation and the result of some skill and judgement. It comes about when an individual expresses an idea in a tangible form. Works such as text, music, sound, film and programs all qualify for copyright protection. The author of the work is usually the copyright owner, but if it was created during the course of employment it belongs to the employer.

It is an infringement of copyright to copy all or a substantial part of anyone’s work without obtaining the author’s permission. Usually a licence associated with the work will allow a user to copy or use it for limited purposes. It is advisable always to read the terms of a licence before you copy or use someone else’s material. It is also illegal to adapt or use software without a licence or in ways prohibited by the terms of the software licence.

Trade Marks Act 1994

This provides protection for Registered Trade Marks, which can be any symbol (words, shapes or images) that are associated with a particular set of goods or services. Registered Trade Marks must not be used without permission. This can also arise from using a Mark that is confusingly similar to an existing Mark.

Public Order Act 1986 (sections 17 — 29)

This Act makes it a criminal offence to stir up racial hatred by displaying, publishing or distributing written material which is threatening. Like the Racial and Religious Hatred Act 2006 it also makes the possession of inflammatory material with a view of releasing it a criminal offence.

Obscene Publications Act 1959 and 1964

Publishing an “obscene” article is a criminal offence. Publishing includes electronic transmission.

Protection from Harassment Act 1997

A person must not pursue a course of conduct, which amounts to harassment of another, and which he knows or ought to know amounts to harassment of the other. A person whose course of conduct causes another to fear, on at least two occasions, that violence will be used against him is guilty of an offence if he knows or ought to know that his course of conduct will cause the other so to fear on each of those occasions.

Freedom of Information Act 2000

The Freedom of Information Act gives individuals the right to request information held by public authorities. All public authorities and companies wholly owned by public authorities have obligations under the Freedom of Information Act. When responding to requests, they have to follow a number of set procedures.

Regulation of Investigatory Powers Act 2000

It is an offence for any person to intentionally and without lawful authority intercept any communication. Monitoring or keeping a record of any form of electronic communications is permitted, in order to:

- Establish the facts;
- Ascertain compliance with regulatory or self-regulatory practices or procedures;
- Demonstrate standards, which are or ought to be achieved by persons using the system;
- Investigate or detect unauthorised use of the communications system;
- Prevent or detect crime or in the interests of national security;
- Ensure the effective operation of the system.
- Monitoring but not recording is also permissible in order to:
- Ascertain whether the communication is business or personal;
- Protect or support help line staff.
- The school reserves the right to monitor its systems and communications in line with its rights under this act.

Criminal Justice and Immigration Act 2008

Section 63 offence to possess “extreme pornographic image”

63 (6) must be “grossly offensive, disgusting or otherwise obscene”

63 (7) this includes images of “threats to a person life or injury to anus, breasts or genitals, sexual acts with a corpse or animal whether alive or dead” must also be “explicit and realistic”. Penalties can be up to 3 years imprisonment.

Education and Inspections Act 2006

Education and Inspections Act 2006 outlines legal powers for schools which relate to Cyber-bullying/ Bullying:

- Head teachers have the power “to such an extent as is reasonable” to regulate the conduct of pupils off site.
- School staff are able to confiscate items such as mobile phones etc. when they are being used to cause a disturbance in class or otherwise contravene the school behaviour/anti-bullying procedures.

Telecommunications Act 1984

It is an offence to send a message or other matter that is grossly offensive or of an indecent, obscene or menacing character. It is also an offence to send a message that is intended to cause annoyance, inconvenience or needless anxiety to another that the sender knows to be false.

Criminal Justice & Public Order Act 1994

This defines a criminal offence of intentional harassment, which covers all forms of harassment, including sexual. A person is guilty of an offence if, with intent to cause a person harassment, alarm or distress, they:

- Use threatening, abusive or insulting words or behaviour, or disorderly behaviour; or
- Display any writing, sign or other visible representation, which is threatening, abusive or insulting, thereby causing that or another person harassment, alarm or distress.

Human Rights Act 1998

This does not deal with any particular issue specifically or any discrete subject area within the law. It is a type of “higher law”, affecting all other laws. In the school context, human rights to be aware of include:

- The right to a fair trial.
- The right to respect for private and family life, home and correspondence.
- Freedom of thought, conscience and religion.
- Freedom of expression.
- Freedom of assembly.
- Prohibition of discrimination.
- The right to education.

These rights are not absolute. The school is obliged to respect these rights and freedoms, balancing them against those rights, duties and obligations, which arise from other relevant legislation.

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GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Becta	British Educational Communications and Technology Agency (Government agency promoting the use of information and communications technology) – <i>NOTE: Becta Closed in 2011</i>
CEOP	Child Exploitation and Online Protection Centre (part of UK Police, dedicated to protecting children from sexual abuse, providers of the Think U Know programmes).
CLEO	The Regional Broadband Consortium of Cumbria and Lancashire – is the provider of broadband and other services for schools and other organisations in Cumbria and Lancashire
CPD	Continuous Professional Development
DfE	Department for Education
FOSI	Family Online Safety Institute
HSTF	Home Secretary’s Task Force on Child Protection on the Internet
ICO	Information Commissioners Office
ICT	Information and Communications Technology
ICTMark	Quality standard for schools provided by Naace Click here to access
INSET	In Service Education and Training
IP address	The label that identifies each computer to other computers using the IP (internet protocol)
ISP	Internet Service Provider
ISPA	Internet Service Providers’ Association
IWF	Internet Watch Foundation
JANET	Provides the broadband backbone structure for Higher Education and for the National Education Network.
KS1	Key Stage 1 (2, 3, 4 or 5) – schools are structured within these multiple age groups e.g. KS3 = years 7 to 9 (age 11 to 14)
LA	Local Authority
LAN	Local Area Network
Learning Platform	A learning platform brings together hardware, software and supporting services to support teaching, learning, management and administration.
LSCB	Local Safeguarding Children Board
MIS	Management Information System
MLE	Managed Learning Environment
NEN	National Education Network – works with the Regional Broadband Consortia (e.g. CLEO in Cumbria) to provide the safe broadband provision to schools across Britain.
Ofcom	Office of Communications (Independent communications sector regulator)
Ofsted	Office for Standards in Education, Children’s Services and Skills
PDA	Personal Digital Assistant (handheld device)
PHSE	Personal, Health and Social Education
RBC	Regional Broadband Consortia (e.g. CLEO) have been established to procure broadband connectivity for schools in England. There are 13 RBCs covering most local authorities in England, Wales and Northern Ireland.

SEF	Self Evaluation Form – used by schools for self-evaluation and reviewed by Ofsted prior to visiting schools for an inspection
TUK	Think U Know – educational E-Safety programmes for schools, young people and parents.
URL	Uniform Resource Locator (URL) it is the global address of documents and other resources on the World Wide Web.
VLE	Virtual Learning Environment (a software system designed to support teaching and learning in an educational setting,
WAP	Wireless Application Protocol